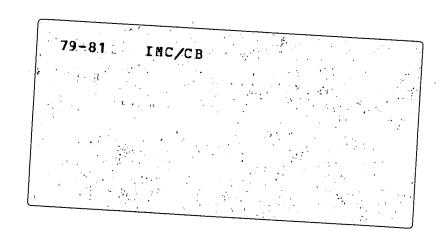
Directorate of Intelligence

Afghanistan Situation Report

25X1

25 June 1985



**Top Secret** 

NESA M 85-10136CX SOVA M 85-10118CX

25 June 1985

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AFGHANISTAN SITUATION REPORT	
CONTENTS	
	1 25X1
,	25 <b>X</b> 1
NEW FRENCH PLANS FOR AFGHAN AID	1
The French Government may eliminate medical and food aid to the Afghan resistance because of political and economic reasons.	25X1
ISMAILIS DEFECTING TO THE RESISTANCE	2
The leader of a proregime Afghan Shia group has requested help from the resistance to get to Pakistan.	25X1
IN BRIEF	<b>2</b> 25X1
ALTERNATIVES TO BABRAK	3
Rumors that President Babrak Karmal will be replaced have recently increased. There is, however, no clear alternative to Babrak within the Afghan leadership.	
Leadership optionsin decreasing order of likelihood include replacing Babrak with a member of his Parcham faction, a member of the rival Khalq faction, or a _coalition government headed by a relative unknown.	25X′
coalition government headed by a relative unknown.	25 <b>X</b> 1

This document is prepared weekly by the Office of Near Eastern and South Asian Analysis and the Office of Soviet Analysis. Questions or comments on the issues raised in the publication should be directed to

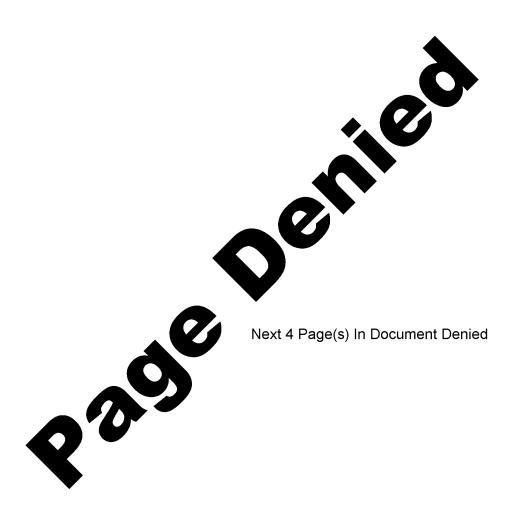
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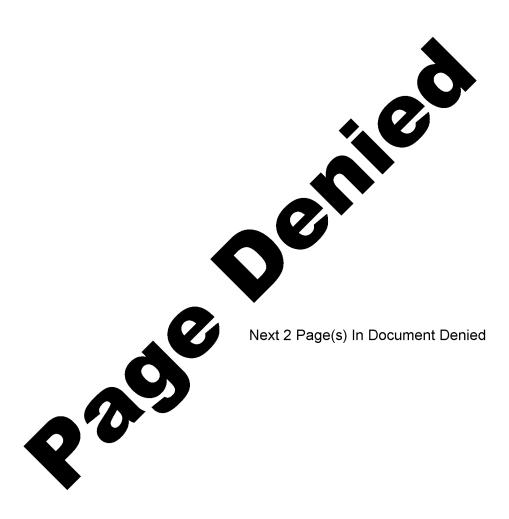
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The Soviets are probably aware that, at best, only marginal improvement would result from installing one of these men. Most Afghans would regard them as Soviet puppets. They are less objectionable than Babrak only because they so far have not dealt with many of the issues that face a president. The odds are against anyone accomplishing much through the inefficient and often secretly disloyal Afghan civil service. Moreover, no one is likely to be able to reconcile the bitter differences between the Khalqis and Parchamis in the next several years.	
If the Party is Replaced by a Coalition  The Soviets might form a coalition government either as part of a peace settlement or to try to win over part of the resistance. Such a government would lack credibility if headed by a Communist, so Moscow would presumably try to install a non-Communist who believed that Kabul must have good relations with Moscow. Rumors in Kabul and among Afghans abroad about such a candidate have included former Prime Minister Yusuf, former King Zahir Shah, and his son-in-law Prince Abdul Wali. Because these figures represent the pre-Marxist era and because they are closely associated with the West, they would probably be unacceptable both to the	

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•			TOP SECRET	25 <b>X</b> 1
COMMENT	King (1933-73), living in exile in Rome, possible unifying figure for resistance or compromise government.	Prince, first cousin and son-in-law of King, influential with King, unpopular with many Afghans.	Former Deputy Prime Minister, former Interior Minister, studied in United States, lived in Afghanistan 1981-82, after six years in United States.	
AGE	70	61	<b>6</b>	
FACTION	*	*	*	
POST	*	*	*	25X1
NAME	Mohammad Zahir Shah	Abdul Wali	Abdul Sattar Shalizi	

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